The development of bypassed pay in the Buckland Field: targeting attic, cellar and secondary intervals above and below a prolific horizontal well.

Rachael Crowe, Phil Rose, Prashanth Srinivasan





### Beryl Embayment – Large Scale Relay Ramp Lots Of Fault Traps







apachecorp.com

### Triassic rifting followed by Jurassic rifting

Complex structural history



- Low side Jurassic fault traps
- Multiple reservoirs and seals provide stacked pay opportunities



## Top Beryl semi regional depth from PGS broadband data interpretation









3D Broadband Acquisition (MC3D-BYL2012/13) - Courtesy PGS







apachecorp.com

#### Buckland discovered 1979 – 3 appraisal wells





### Buckland Subsea development - bundle tied back to Beryl RAT





#### Buckland Field – 5 producers 1 injector, 2 producers online 2018





#### **Beryl reservoir:** Bathonian Estuarine system - highs separate areas of contrasting depositional style





#### Buckland Field Beryl - Lagoonal shales layer reservoir





0 250 500 750 1000 125

Top Beryl depth

#### Buckland Core: 9/18-28 Reservoir



#### Buckland Core: 9/18-28 Bituminous Shales – Baffles to Flow



### Layered reservoir – B1 only contacted upper most units





apachecorp.com

### Upper Beryl Attic and Cellar remaining oil





Upper Beryl Cellar and attic targets: Range of remaining in place oil estimated analytically



apachecorp.com

#### BK7 – Pre-drill 4 stacked targets – pay logged in 9/18-3





#### Trajectory crestal attic at all horizons – TD deepened to test all Linnhe attics







#### BK7 successful at all 4 primary targets – deep Linnhe wet





### Completed with 3 zone digi-hydraulics smart completion

- Each zone can be flowed independently or comingled.
- Unique solution controlling 3 zones with only 3 control lines using "digi" decoder to control valves
- Resman tracers in each zone to aid reservoir modelling
- Sleeves opened by hydraulics controlled from Beryl Alpha
- Each zone equipped with annular and tubing pressure gauge
- Has allowed proper reservoir management and independent assessment of contacted reserve for each zone





#### Result – BK7 exceeded expectations in the Cellar and Attic zones



#### **Production Summary**

- Pre-drill P50 Estimate ~ 2.9 MMBO & 10 BCF
- Cum Prod to Mar-2022 = 4.2 MMBO & 8.0 BCF (Allocated)
- Month-avgd. Peak Rate = 12,123 boe/d (Nov-2019)
- Mar 2022 Rate = 2,519 boe/d

#### Sequence of Events

- 1) 10 days of Lower Sleeve production (Zonal Testing)
- 2) 10 days of Middle Sleeve production (Zonal Testing)
- 3) 12 days of Lower Sleeve production (Main Prod Period)
- 4) 22 months of Middle + Lower Sleeve production (Rate Enhancement)
- 5) 9 months of Upper + Lower Sleeve production (Rate Enhancement)

#### **Production Strategy Rationale**

- In Zonal Testing, only one sleeve opened at a time Unique Rate & Pressure measurement enabled Contacted OIP computation (used to inform Reserves & Forecast via Sim Model calibration)
- 2) After Zonal Testing, focus on optimising Production by commingling two or more zones

#### <u>Next Steps</u>

 Currently high Water Cut → Either open all 3 Sleeves to maximise offtake or shut Upper Sleeve to improve Oil Rate



# We would like to express our thanks to our management and our partners - Harbour Energy for permission to present at DEVEX 2022.

Thanks to PGS for permission to show seismic examples from their 2012-2013 geo-streemer acquisition

Finally thanks are due to everyone who has had technical involvement in the Buckland Field over many years.

